This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 2. (canceled) The active damper of claim 1 wherein said electronics comprise an AC-coupled rate loop.
- 3. (currently amended) The active damper of claim 1 [[2]] wherein said electronics provide nearly zero phase shift at lower and upper crossover frequencies of a damper control loop.
- 4. (currently amended) The active damper of claim 1 wherein said active damper operates on [[a]] said stabilized mirror in a gimbal.
 - 5. (original) The active damper of claim 1 wherein said active damper dampens a belt mode.
- 6. (currently amended) The active damper of claim 5 wherein said active damper dampens [[a]] said belt mode at a frequency between approximately 240 Hz to 700 Hz.
- 7. (currently amended) The active damper of claim 6 wherein said active damper provides at least approximately 70% dampening of [[a]] said drive belt mode.

- 8. (original) The active damper of claim 5 wherein said active damper is substantially insensitive to belt frequency.
- 9. (original) The active damper of claim 1 wherein said active damper is substantially insensitive to changes in temperature.
- 10. (original) The active damper of claim 1 wherein said active damper does not affect operation of the mirror at frequencies at or below approximately one-half of a belt mode frequency.
- 11. (currently amended) An active damping method for a stabilized mirror, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a tachometer measuring speed of a motor driving the mirror;

employing compensation electronics receiving input from said tachometer and the motor, the compensation electronics not computing or determining an acceleration of the motor; and employing drive electronics providing output to the motor of the stabilized mirror and comprising an AC coupled rate loop.

- 12. (canceled) The method of claim 11 wherein the electronics comprise an AC coupled rate loop.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 12 wherein the electronics provide nearly zero phase shift at lower and upper crossover frequencies of a damper control loop.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 11 wherein the method operates on [[a]] the stabilized mirror in a gimbal.

- 15. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein the method dampens a belt mode.
- 16. (currently amended) The method of claim 15 wherein the method dampens [[a]] the belt mode at a frequency between approximately 240 Hz to 700 Hz.
- 17. (currently amended) The method of claim 16 wherein the method provides at least approximately 70% dampening of [[a]] the drive belt mode.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein the method is substantially insensitive to belt frequency.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein the method is substantially insensitive to changes in temperature.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein the method does not affect operation of the mirror at frequencies at or below approximately one-half of a belt mode frequency.
- 21. (new) An active damper for a stabilized mirror, said active damper comprising:

 a tachometer measuring speed of a motor driving the mirror;

 compensation electronics receiving input from said tachometer and the motor,
 said compensation electronics not computing or determining an acceleration of the motor; and

 drive electronics providing output to the motor of the stabilized mirror; and

 wherein said active damper dampens a belt mode.

- 22. (new) An active damping method for a stabilized mirror, the method comprising the steps of:

 providing a tachometer measuring speed of a motor driving the mirror;

 employing compensation electronics receiving input from said tachometer and the motor, the compensation electronics not computing or determining an acceleration of the motor; and employing drive electronics providing output to the motor of the stabilized mirror; and wherein the method dampens a belt mode.
- 23. (new) An active damper for a stabilized mirror, said active damper comprising:

 a tachometer measuring speed of a motor driving the mirror;

 compensation electronics receiving input from said tachometer and the motor,
 said compensation electronics not computing or determining an acceleration of the motor; and

 drive electronics providing output to the motor of the stabilized mirror; and

 wherein said active damper does not affect operation of the mirror at frequencies
 at or below approximately one-half of a belt mode frequency.
- 24. (new) An active damping method for a stabilized mirror, the method comprising the steps of:

 providing a tachometer measuring speed of a motor driving the mirror;

 employing compensation electronics receiving input from said tachometer and the

 motor, the compensation electronics not computing or determining an acceleration of the motor; and

 employing drive electronics providing output to the motor of the stabilized mirror;

 and

wherein the method does not affect operation of the mirror at frequencies at or below approximately one-half of a belt mode frequency.